

Hilarious Homophone Strategies

(Hilarious: Full of merriment)

3rd - 5th Grades

- What is a Homophone? Homophones are words that sound the same but have different meanings and spellings (ate/eight, for example). Think of the word "phone." We hear when we talk on the phone. So we are hearing the same sound.
- Concentrate on the most important homophone pairs first: The ones that are used most often in writing include as/add, ant/aunt, ate/eight, be/bee, hear/here, hour/our, it's/its, know/no, one/won, their/there/they're, theirs/there's, to/too/two, who's/whose, and your/you're.
- Act It Out: Provide student pairs with a homophone card. Students have ten seconds to plan a skit acting out one the homophones. Teacher claps her hands and says, "ACTION!" Students act out the homophone. Teacher says, "CUT!" to stop the performance. Classmates guess the word. Teacher writes the word on the white board and asks for the matching homophone. Play continues.

- Ask a Question: Divide students into two teams. Point out a pair of homophones, such as rose/rows. Ask a question such as "Which word means a flower?" The team that correctly identifies the homophones receives a point for their team.
 - 1. toad/towed Which word means "a tailless leaping amphibian?"
 - 2. wait/weight Which word means "something heavy?"
 - 3. feat/feet Which word is a synonym for "achievement?"
 - 4. prince/prints Which word means "a mark made by pressure?"
 - 5. sail/sale Which word means "available for purchase?"
 - 6. two/to Which word is "a function word for direction?"
 - meet/meat Which word means "to approach from another direction?"
 - 8. crews/cruise Which word is means "a tour by ship?"
 - 9. week/weak Which word is the antonym for "strong?"
 - 10. missed/mist Which word means "to avoid or be unsuccessful?"
 - 11. one/won Which word means "a single unit or thing?"
 - 12. not/knot Which word means "to tie in a lump or knob?"
 - 13. who's/whose Which word is a contraction for "who is?"
- Memory: Provide each student-pair with ten 3x5 cards. Fold the cards in half. On one side write the word "ad." On the other side, students write the homophone, "add." Tear the two halves apart. Play a Memory game. Each time a player turns over a card, the student must say a sentence using the correct meaning of the homophone. If the card says, "ad," the student might say, "I saw the ad in the window." Or give the definition: "The word ad is short for the word advertisement." The player with the most homophone pair cards in the winner.

Illustrate a Pair of Homophones: Using crayons and paper, partners choose a pair of homophones. One partner draws a picture on one homophone. The other partner draws a picture of the matching homophone. Write the homophone word name under the picture.

bear/bear	bored/board
flower/flour	hair/hare
hire/higher	hour/our

break/brake here/hear maid/made find/fined heal/heel new/knew

- Homophone Hunt: Provide each student-pair with an index card. Fold the index cards in half. Students write a homophone on the front of the card and its homophone-pair on the inside of the card. Tear the index cards in half at the fold. The teacher collects all the cards and mixes them. Next, she gives each student a card. The object is to challenge students to find the classmate who has the matching homophone card. When everyone has found their partner, ask each pair to read their homophone-pairs to the class.
- Homophone Tic-Tac-Toe: At first, play this game with the whole class divided into two teams, then in student pairs. Explain that homonyms are words that sound the same but have different meanings. Draw a Tic-Tac-Toe on the board. The teacher says a homophone. The "X" player chooses a playing space and marks a small "x." He writes a homonym for the selected word in the playing space. If the player is correct, Team X gets another turn. Then the "O" player chooses a playing space and marks a small "o." The teacher says another homophone. Player O writes a homophone for the selected word in his playing space. Play continues until someone gets three in a row.

• Old Maid: Provide student pairs with Homophone Cards. One of the cards

is the "Old Maid." Students deal all the cards. The object is to keep as many homophone matches as possible. Of course, no one wants to end the game holding the Old Maid card!

Homophone Teakettle: Students take turns creating sentences that use a pair of homophones. Instead of saying the actual homophones in the sentence, insert the word "teakettle" in their places. For example: "I am going to <u>teakettle</u> some corn when I go <u>teakettle</u> the farm stand." The homophones are buy/by. "I am going to buy some corn when I go by the farm stand." It will be helpful to write the homophone choices on the white board to give students an idea how to play the game. Classmates try to guess the homophone pairs. Here are a few samples:

Teakettle here while I check the elephant's teakettle. Wait/weight The teakettle left his teakettle on the castle. Prince/prints The teakettle boat is For Teakettle. Sail/sale The teakettle bushes were planted in teakettles in the garden. Rose/rows Will you teakettle me at the store to buy some teakettle? Meet/meat We teakettle the teakettle from the waterfall. Missed/mist After the flu, you may feel teakettle for a teakettle. Weak/week Are you the teakettle who teakettle the prize? One/won That is teakettle how you tie the teakettle in the rope! Not/knot

- White Board Flip: Divide the class into two teams. Provide students with individual white boards and an erasable marker. Refer to the homophone list. Call out a word. Students write the word on the front of their white board. When they finish writing, students "flip" their white boards and write the homograph that matches on the back of the white board. The first student to call out the homograph, spelled correctly, gets a point for their team.
- Homophone Popcorn: The teacher reads a homograph. Students "pop" out of their seats and say the homograph match. Students must say, spell, and give a definition or sentence for the homophone.

Homophone List			
acts	ax	air	heir
aisle	I'll	feat	feet
flew	flu	peek	peak
four	for	allowed	aloud
plain	plane	foul	fowl
aye	eye	prince	prints
ball	bawl	grate	great
rain	reign	raise	rays
groan	grown	bear	bare
read	red	hair	hare
heard	herd	ring	wring
higher	hire	blew	blue
rose	rows	hoarse	horse
sail	sale	scene	seen
bough	bow	seas	sees
brake	break	Sew	SO
shone	shown	sore	soar
knot	not	soared	sword